

UK Country by Country reporting requirements

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The Taxes (Base Erosion and Profit Shifting) (Country-by-Country Reporting) Regulations 2016 were published on 26 February and came into force on 18 March 2016. They introduce the requirement for any UK resident ultimate parent entity of a multi-national enterprise, with a consolidated group turnover of EUR 750 million, to make an annual country-by country report to HMRC. The new regulations affect accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016.

There are several amendments to the draft regulations which were originally published in October 2015. The most significant change is that UK subsidiaries of foreign-parented groups will be required to file a country by country (CbC) report for the UK sub-group if the foreign parent is not required to file in its own territory (or HMRC does not expect to receive the report from that tax authority). This brings the UK into line with other G20 and OECD countries that have a secondary filing requirement where the foreign parent is not subject to CbC reporting.

The CbC reports for the global group must be submitted to HMRC within 12 months of the year end. The report will need to show revenue, profit before tax, tax paid and accrued, employment information, capital, retained earnings and tangible assets for each entity in each tax jurisdiction where the MNE does business. The information will then be shared by HMRC with other tax jurisdictions. HMRC have indicated that they will use the information in the CbC reports as part of their risk assessment when instigating transfer pricing enquiries. There is a penalty regime for late and incorrect reporting.

For UK companies with a foreign parent in a country which does not introduce CbC reporting or does not have an effective information exchange provisions with the UK, a UK CbC report must be submitted for the sub-group of the highest UK entity in the group. There are exceptions where a group company has filed a global CbC report either in a territory with an effective exchange agreement with HMRC or in the UK under the voluntary reporting mechanism.

Multi-national enterprises (MNEs) should not underestimate the practical difficulty of gathering the necessary data and they need adequate processes in place to generate the report.

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